Multiplex Ligation-Dependent Probe Amplification in undiagnosed autosomal recessive LGMDs

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LGMD2A CAPN3

LGMD2B **DYSF**

LIMB GIRDLE MUSCULAR DYSTROPHIES (LGMDs) AUTOSOMAL RECESSIVE

- Sequencing of CAPN3 and DYSF is laborious and time-consuming
 - Large size of coding sequence
 - Absence of mutational hot spots
- Although Next-Generation Sequencing (NGS) has improved the diagnostic rate of the molecular diagnosis in some LGMD2A/2B remains elusive



Define the frequency of deletion/duplication in a cohort of undiagnosed LGMD2A and LGMD2B cases studied through Multiplex ligation-dependent probe amplification (MLPA) technique

PATIENTS SELECTION MLPA ANALYSIS

- Clinical suspect of
 - LGMD 2A (18 subjects)
 - LGMD2B (12 subjects)
- Sanger sequencing and NGS study: one or no candidate/causative mutations in coding genes
- Western blot (WB) analysis in muscle samples: protein reduction



DIAGNOSIS

Probemix used:

 CAPN3 study: MLPA kit P176-C3 (MRC-Holland); probes for each of the 24 CAPN3 exons

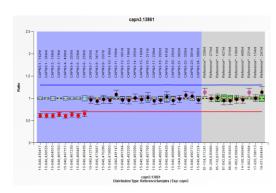
DYSF study: MLPA kit P268-A2 (MRC-Holland); probes for 40 different DYSF exons Exons not included: 3, 8, 11, 15, 19, 21, 26, 28, 32, 35, 38-39, 46, 48, 50

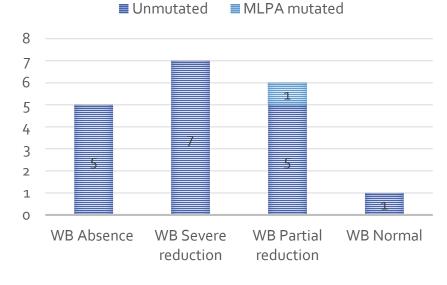
LGMD2A - CAPN3

18 patients \rightarrow 1 mutated patient (5%)

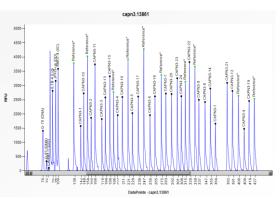
15 pts \rightarrow 1 known mutation 3 pts \rightarrow no known mutation

MLPA analysis

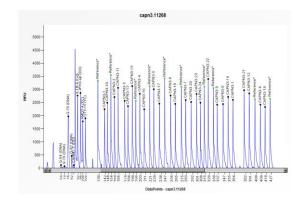




Patient I



Control



Patient I

Age: 46 year-old Origin: Italian

Mutation:

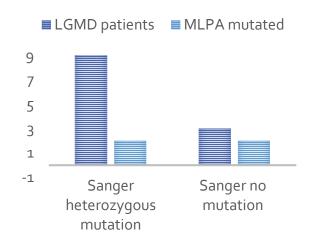
c.1468C>T

(Arg49oTrp)

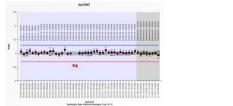
Deletion exon 1-6

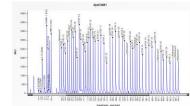
LGMD2B - DYSF

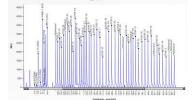
12 patients → 4 mutated patient (30%)



Patient I







Patient I

Age: 41 years of age

Origin: German WB: absence

Mutation:

c.1064_1065del

(p.Lys355ArgfsX3)

Deletion exon 25-27

Patient II

Age: 42 years of age

Origin: Italian

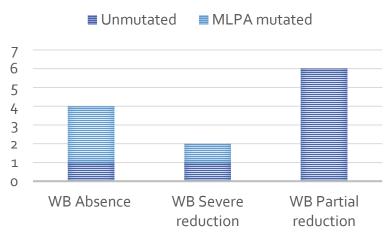
WB: severe reduction

Mutation:

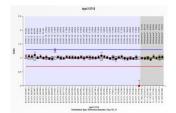
c.2077delC

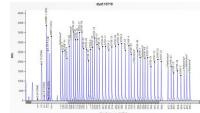
(p.His693ThrfsX4)

Deletion exon 25-27



Patient Ш





Patient III

Age: 18 years of age

Origin: Egyptian

WB: absence

Mutation:

Homozygous

deletion exon 55

Patient IV

Age: 40 years of age

Origin: Egyptian

WB: absence

Mutation:

Homozygous

deletion exon 55

CONCLUSIONS

- MLPA analysis has been demonstrated to be useful in selected cases
- MLPA allowed a firm diagnosis in 30% of undiagnosed LGMD2B patients
- MLPA improved the molecular diagnosis in 5 of 26 patients (19%)
- It should not be used as a screening technique because it is tailored for the suspected candidate gene
- It is strongly suggested in cases with only one mutation identified and/or in case of protein absence at Western blot analysis