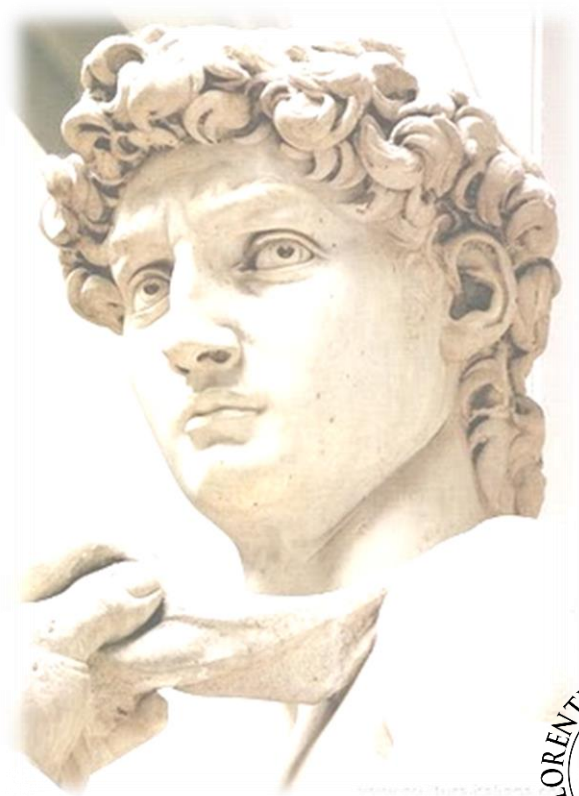


# Innovazioni terapeutiche per l'emicrania



UNIVERSITÀ  
DEGLI STUDI  
FIRENZE

**DSS**  
DIPARTIMENTO DI  
SCIENZE DELLA SALUTE

Pierangelo Geppetti

Headache Center  
Clinical Pharmacology

University of Florence  
University Hospital Careggi

# Faculty Disclosure

<i>Company Name</i>	<i>Honoraria/ Expenses</i>	<i>Consulting/ Advisory Board</i>	<i>Funded Research</i>	<i>Royalties/ Patent</i>	<i>Stock Options</i>	<i>Ownership/ Equity Position</i>	<i>Employee</i>	<i>Other (please specify)</i>
Novartis	X	X	X					
Allergan	X		X					
Sanofi-Aventis	X	X						
Eli Lilly			X					
TEVA		X	X					
IBSA	X		X					
Chiesi			X					
Electrocore	X	X	X					

# Question?

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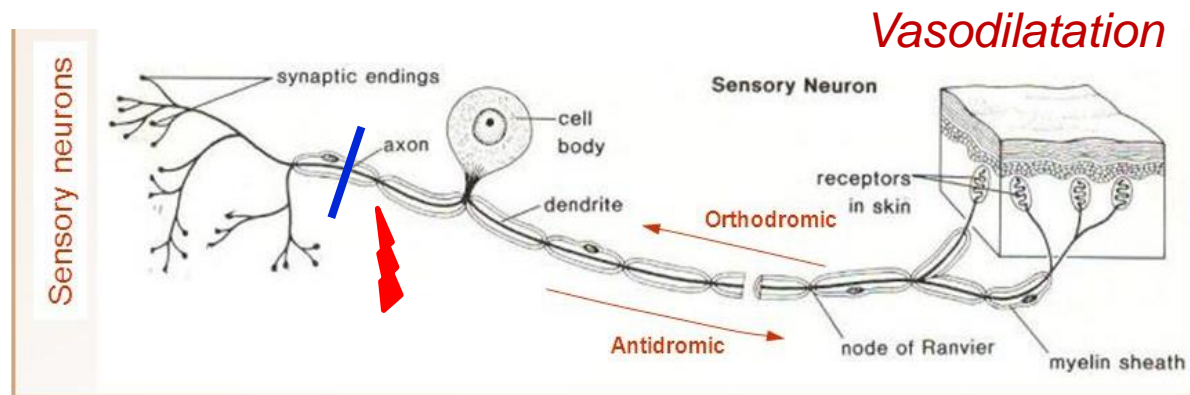
Why Calcitonin Gene Related Peptide is essential in migraine?



# Neurogenic Inflammation

## William Bayliss, J Physiol, 1901

- *‘There are nerve-fibres in the posterior roots of the 5<sup>th</sup>, 6<sup>th</sup>, and 7<sup>th</sup> lumbar and 1<sup>st</sup> sacral nerves, excitation of which, when cut away from the spinal cord, gives rise to vascular dilatation in the hind-limb of the same side.’*
- *‘They are, in fact, identical with the ordinary sensory afferent posterior root-fibres; the name "antidromic" is suggested .....*

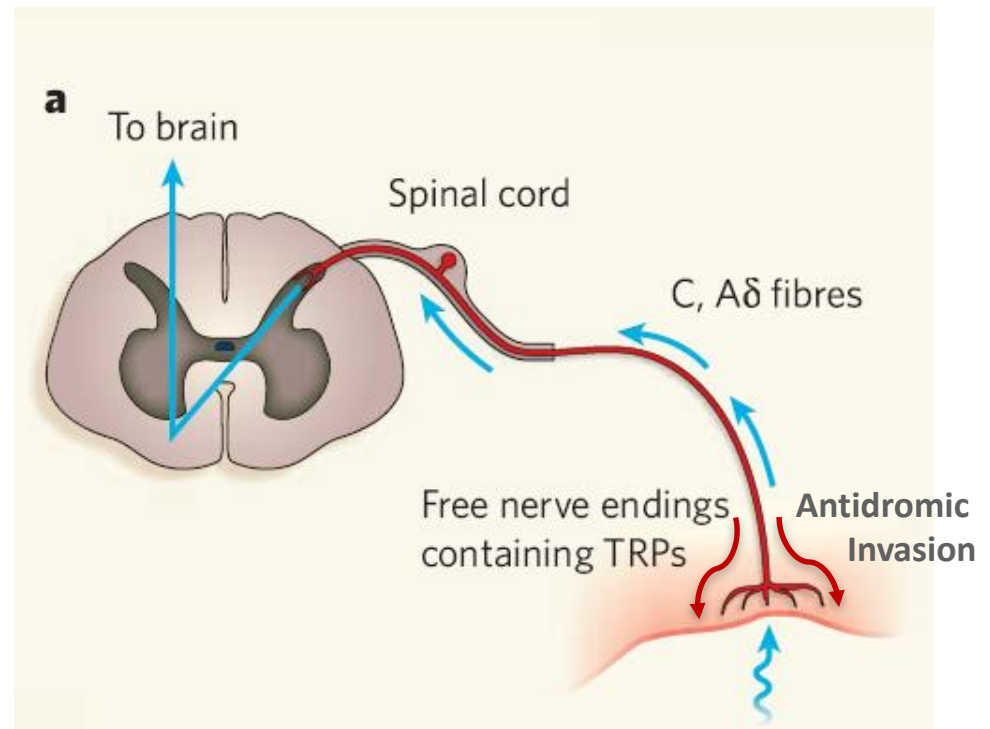




# Sir Thomas Lewis (Clin Sci 1936)

*Postulated :*

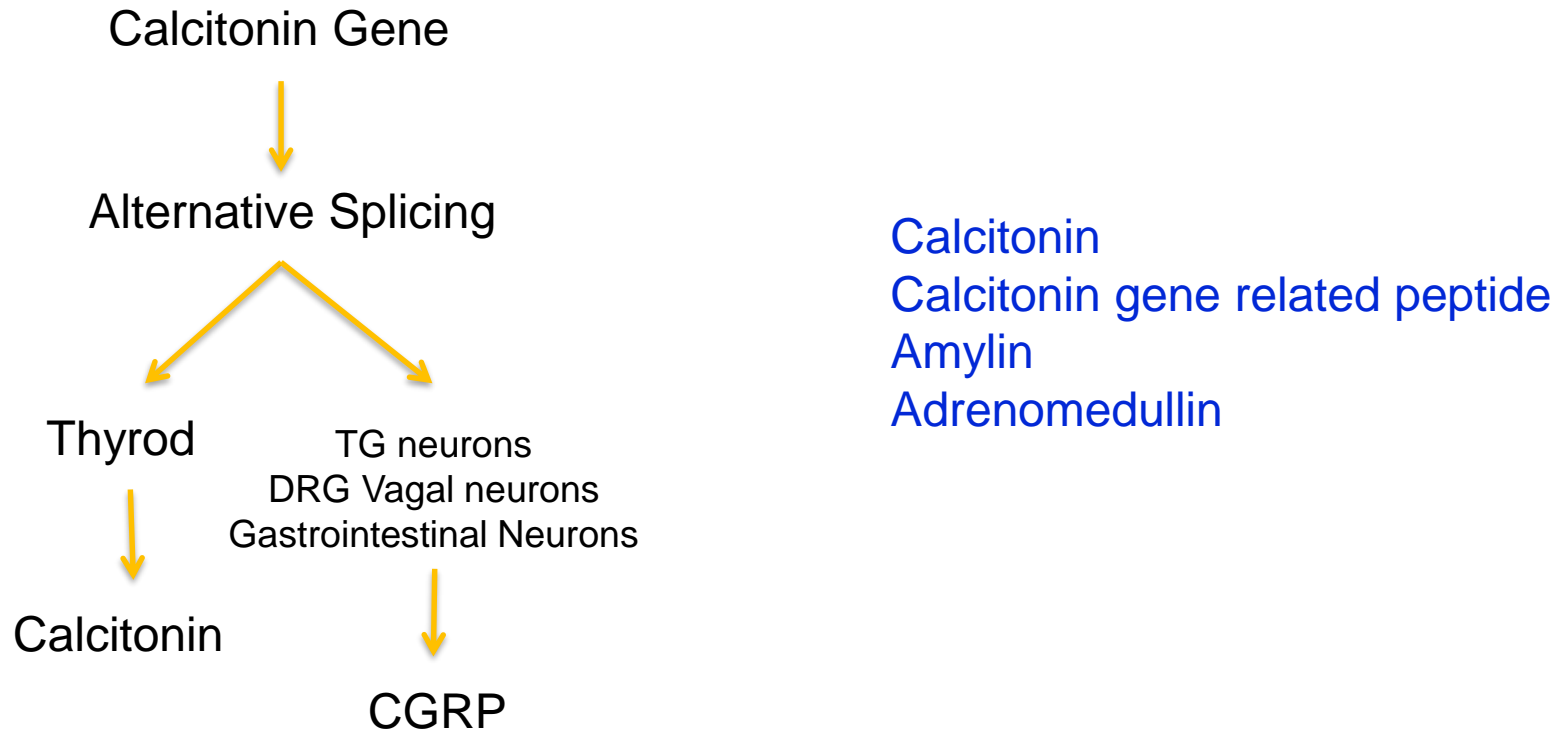
1. *that one portion of a widely branching sensory fiber responded to the injury, and that*
2. *action potentials were carried, antidromically to other branches of the fiber where*
3. *they liberated a chemical substance that*
4. *caused the flare and*
5. *enhanced sensitivity of other sensory axons responsible for pain*



**Isaac Newton:**

*If I have seen further, it is by standing on the shoulders of giants.*

# Calcitonin Gene Related Peptide and its Family of Peptides



*Structures CGRP, amylin, adrenomedullin, and calcitonin*

hαCGRP	A C	D T A T C V T H R L A G L L S R S G G V V K N N F V P T N V G S K A	F
rαCGRP	S C	N T A T C V T H R L A G L L S R S G G V V K D N F V P T N V G S E A	F
hβCGRP	A C	N T A T C V T H R L A G L L S R S G G M V K S N F V P T N V G S K A	F
rβCGRP	S C	N T A T C V T H R L A G L L S R S G G V V K D N F V P T N V G S K A	F
hAMY	K C	N T A T C A T Q R L A N F L V H S S N N F G A I L S S T N V G S N T	Y
rAMY	K C	N T A T C A T Q R L A N F L V R S S N N L G P V L P S T N V G S N T	Y
hAM	G C	R F G T C T V Q K L A H Q I Y Q F T D K D K D N V A P R N K I S P Q G Y	
rAM	G C	R F G T C T M Q K L A H Q I Y Q F T D K D K D G M A P R N K I S P Q G Y	
hCT		C G N L S T C M L G T Y T Q D F N K F H T F	P Q T A I G V G A P
sCT		C S N L S T C V L G K L S Q E L H K L Q T Y	P R T N T G S G T P

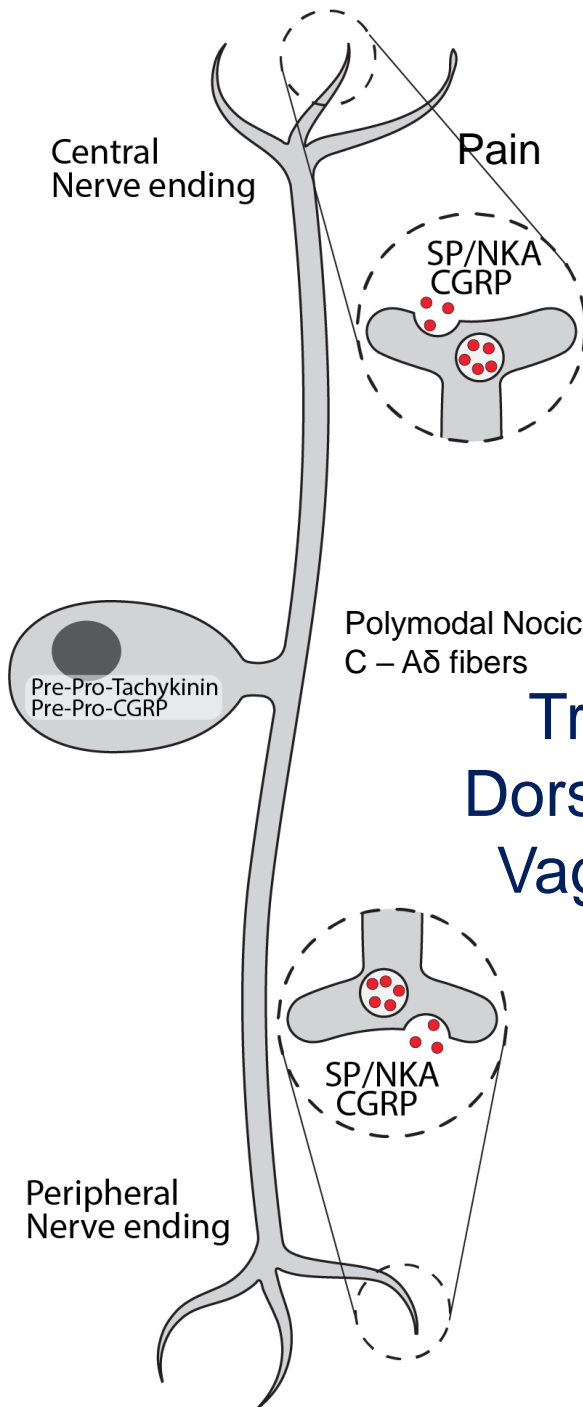
Disulfide bond

α-helix

h, human; r, rat; s, salmon.

hAM is the structure of the 15–52 fragment; the N-terminal amino acids are YRQSMNFGQLRSF. rAM shows the structure of the 13–50 fragment; the N-terminal amino acids are YRQSMNQSRST.

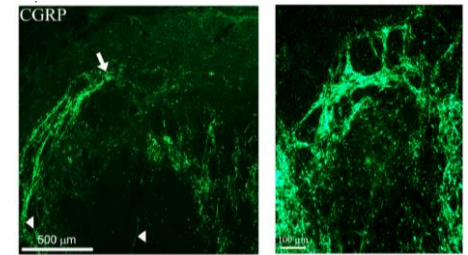
# Primary Sensory Neuron



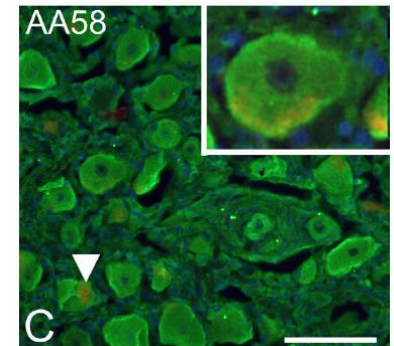
## Trigeminal, Dorsal Root and Vagal Ganglia

*Edvinsson et al.,  
J Blood Flow Metab. 1987.*

### Spinal Trigeminal Nucleus



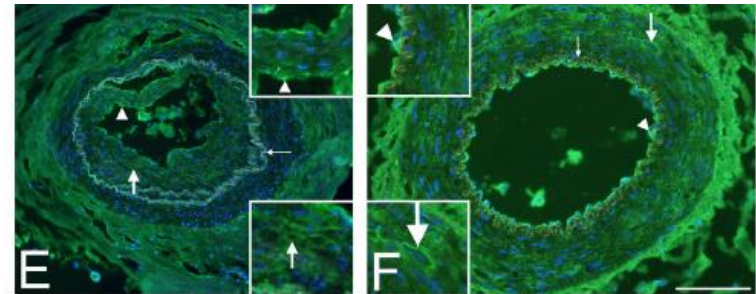
### Trigeminal Ganglion



### CGRP Staining in Human Tissues

#### Dural Artery

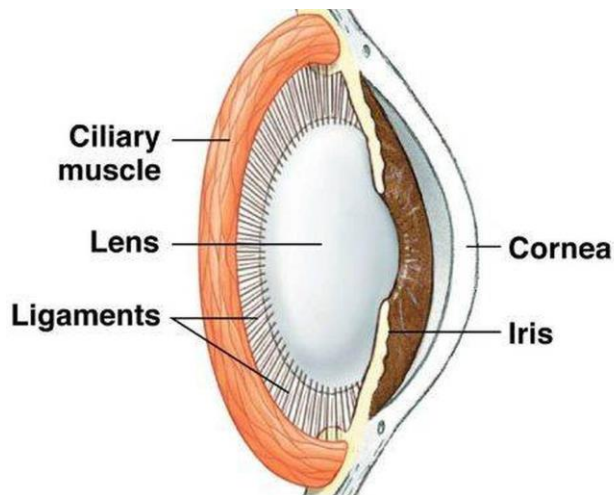
#### Subcutaneous Artery



*Miller et al, Neuroscience 2016*

# CGRP, but not Substance P, is released from Human Trigeminal Neurons

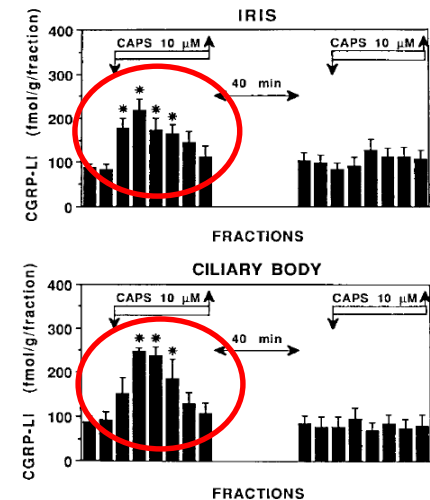
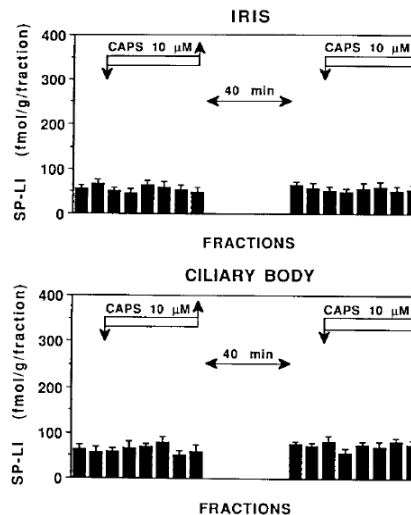
## Trigeminal Innervation Of the Human Eye



Capsaicin releases calcitonin gene-related peptide from the human iris and ciliary body in vitro

*Regulatory Peptides*, 41 (1992) 83–92

Pierangelo Geppetti<sup>a</sup>, Elena Del Bianco<sup>a</sup>, Roberto Cecconi<sup>a</sup>,  
Manuela Tramontana<sup>a</sup>, Andrea Romani<sup>b</sup> and Elvar Theodorsson<sup>c</sup>



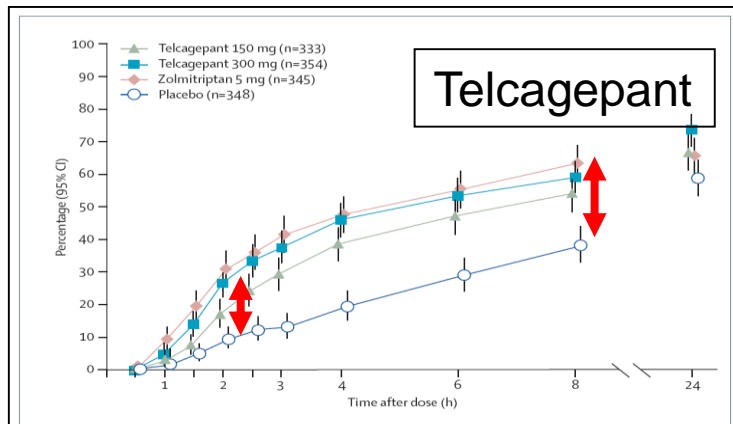


# CGRP Mediates Neurogenic Vasodilatation



**Figure 1**

Assessment of dermal blood flow using laser Doppler following application of topical capsaicin to human forearm



**Table 3**

Capsaicin-induced dermal blood flow following telcagepant or placebo ( $n = 12$ )

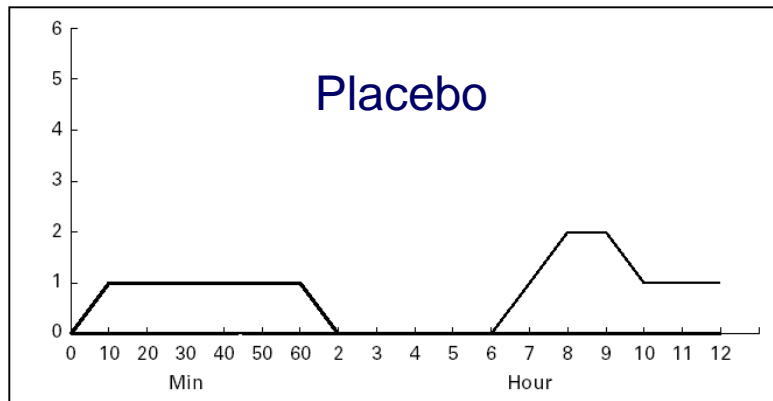
Time	Telcagepant dose, mg	Capsaicin dose	Mean perfusion (volt) Geometric mean*
1 h	Placebo	300 µg per 20 µl	1.19
	300		0.56
	800	1000 µg per 20 µl	0.47
	Placebo		1.67
	300		0.69
	800		0.53
4 h	Placebo	300 µg per 20 µl	1.00
	300		0.62
	800		0.52
	Placebo	1000 µg per 20 µl	1.44
	300		0.86
	800		0.62

\*Geometric mean ratio (GMR), computed from least squares estimates from ANOVA performed on the natural log transformed data.

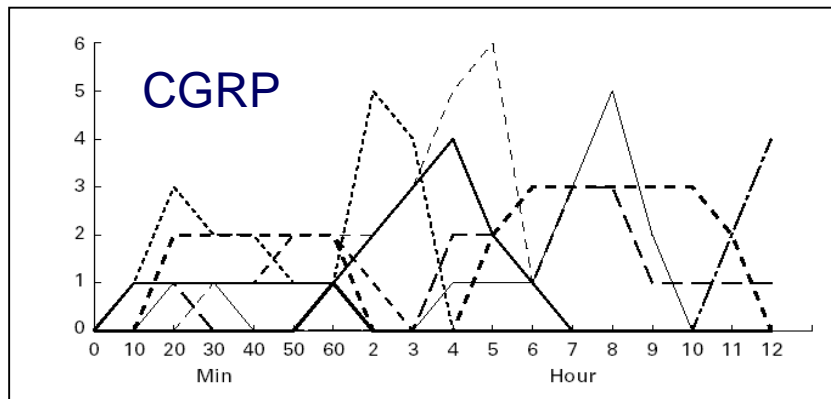
†Transformed from mean perfusion GMR.

*Sinclair et al., Br J Clin Pharmacol, 2009*

# CGRP Provokes Migraine-Like Attacks and Periorbital Allodynia in Mice

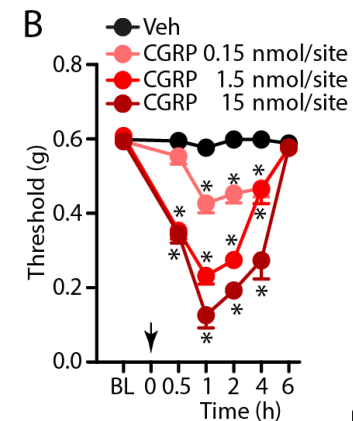


*Lassen, Cephalalgia 2002, 22 54-61*

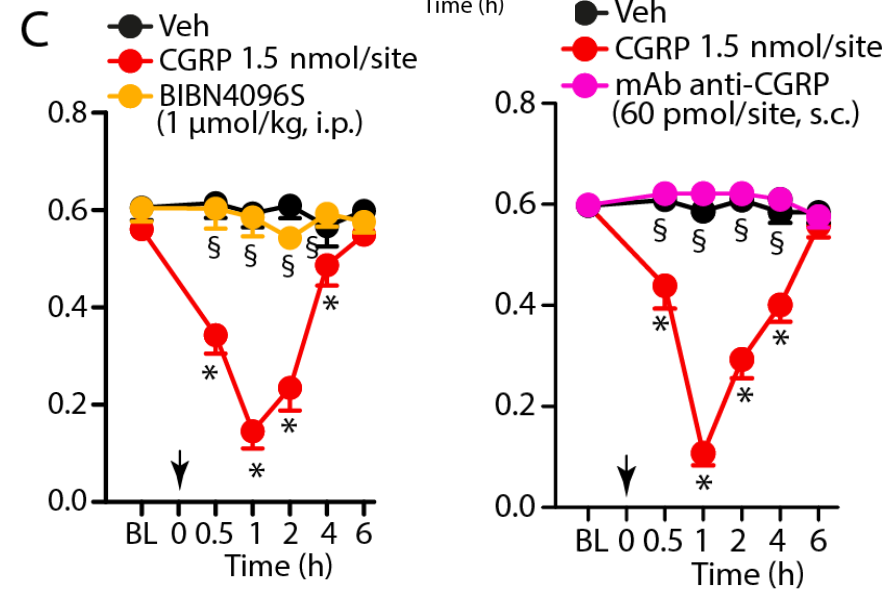


**CGRP evokes migraine-like attacks**

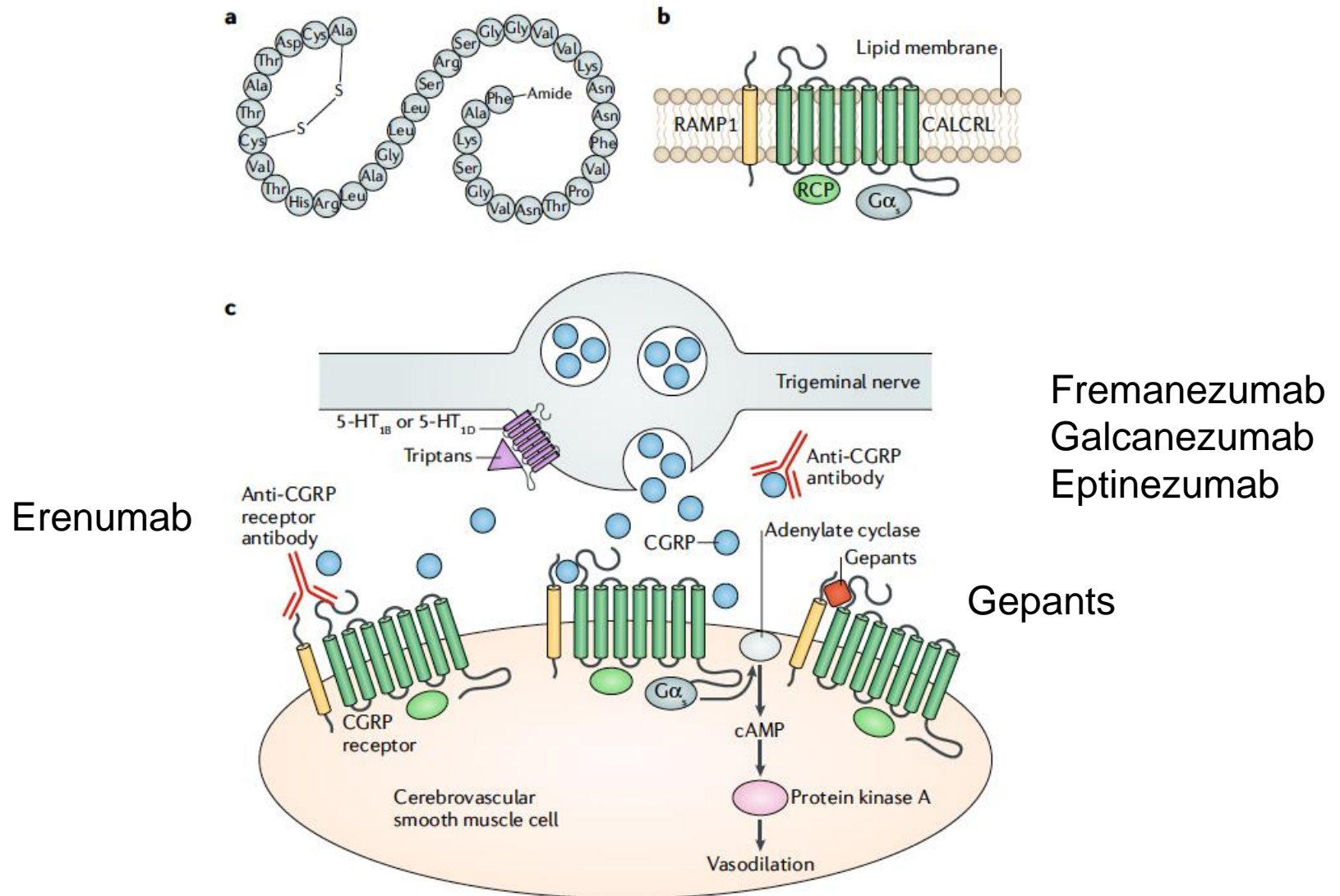
## Prior orbital allodynia in Mice



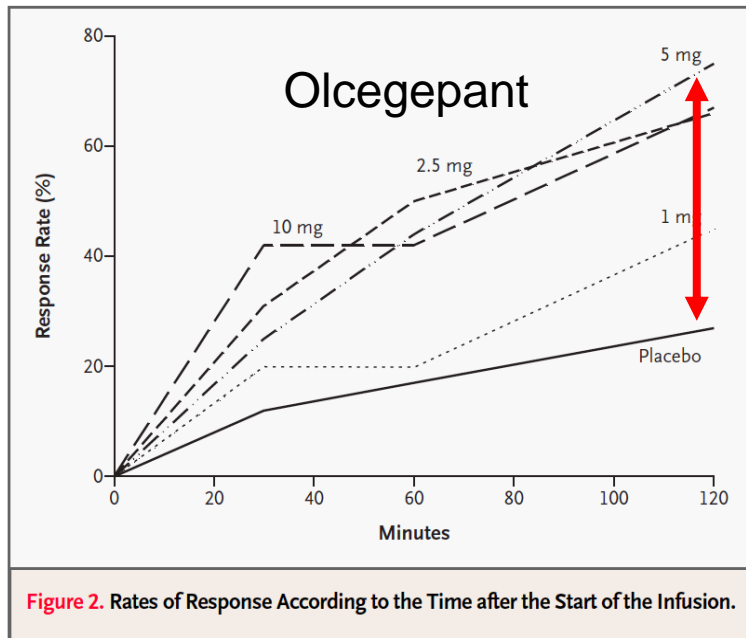
*De Logu et al, J Head Pain 2019*



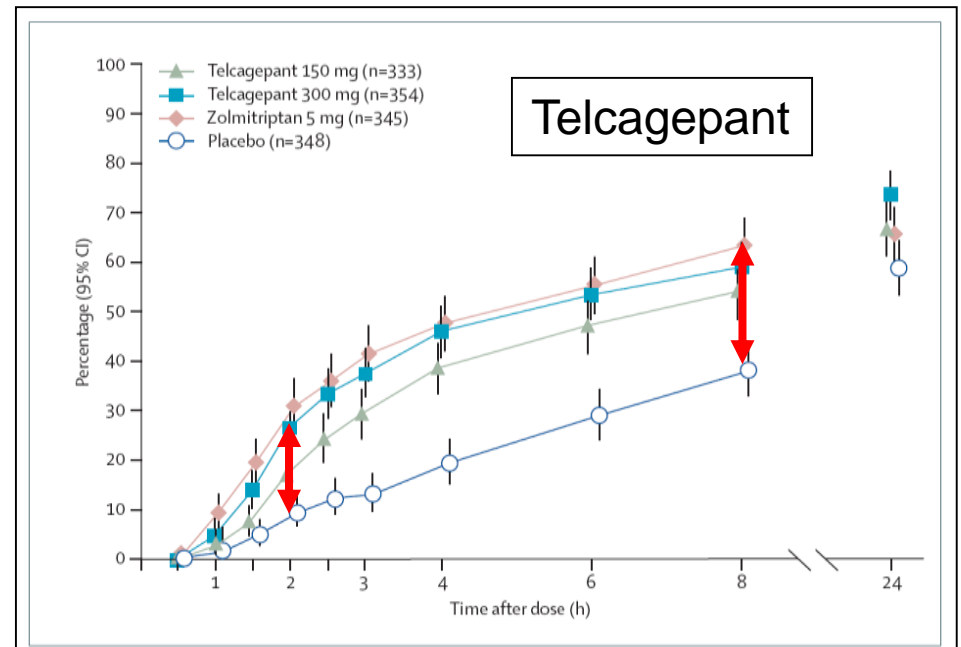
# How do Anti-CGRP drugs act?



# CGRP-R Antagonists are Effective in Migraine

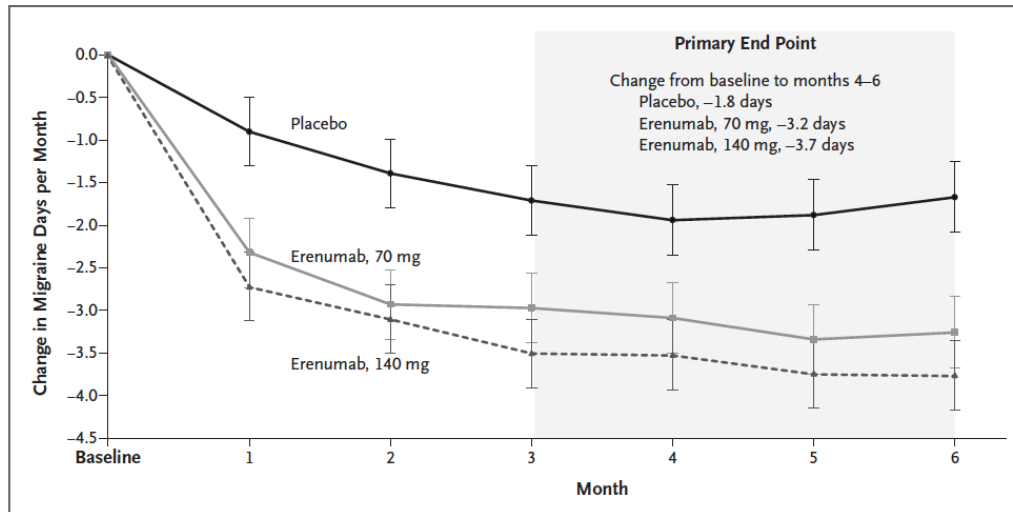


Olesen J, Diener HC, Husstedt IW, Goadsby PJ, Hall D, Meier U, Pollentier S, Lesko LM; BIBN 4096 BS Clinical Proof of Concept Study Group. Calcitonin gene-related peptide receptor antagonist BIBN 4096 BS for the acute treatment of migraine. **N Engl J Med** 2004; 350:1073-1075



Ho TW, Ferrari MD, Dodick DW, Galet V, Kost J, Fan X, Leibensperger H, Froman S, Assaid C, Lines C, Koppen H, Winner PK. Efficacy and tolerability of MK-0974 (telcagepant), a new oral antagonist of calcitonin gene-related peptide receptor, compared with zolmitriptan for acute migraine: a randomised, placebo-controlled, parallel-treatment trial. **Lancet**. 2008 Dec 20;372(9656):2115-23

# Anti-CGRP/R mabs are Effective in Migraine

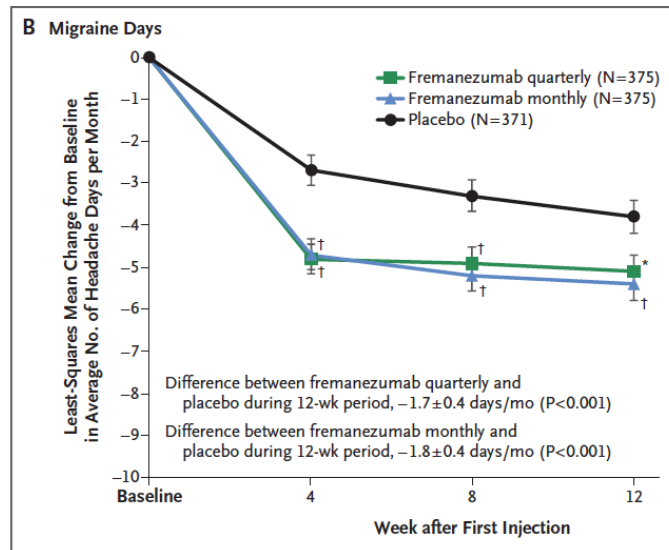


*The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE*

## A Controlled Trial of Erenumab for Episodic Migraine

Peter J. Goadsby, M.D., Ph.D., Uwe Reuter, M.D., Yngve Hallström, M.D., Gregor Broessner, M.D., Jo H. Bonner, M.D., Feng Zhang, M.S., Sandhya Sapra, Ph.D., Hernan Picard, M.D., Ph.D., Daniel D. Mikol, M.D., Ph.D., and Robert A. Lenz, M.D., Ph.D.

**NOVEMBER 30, 2017**



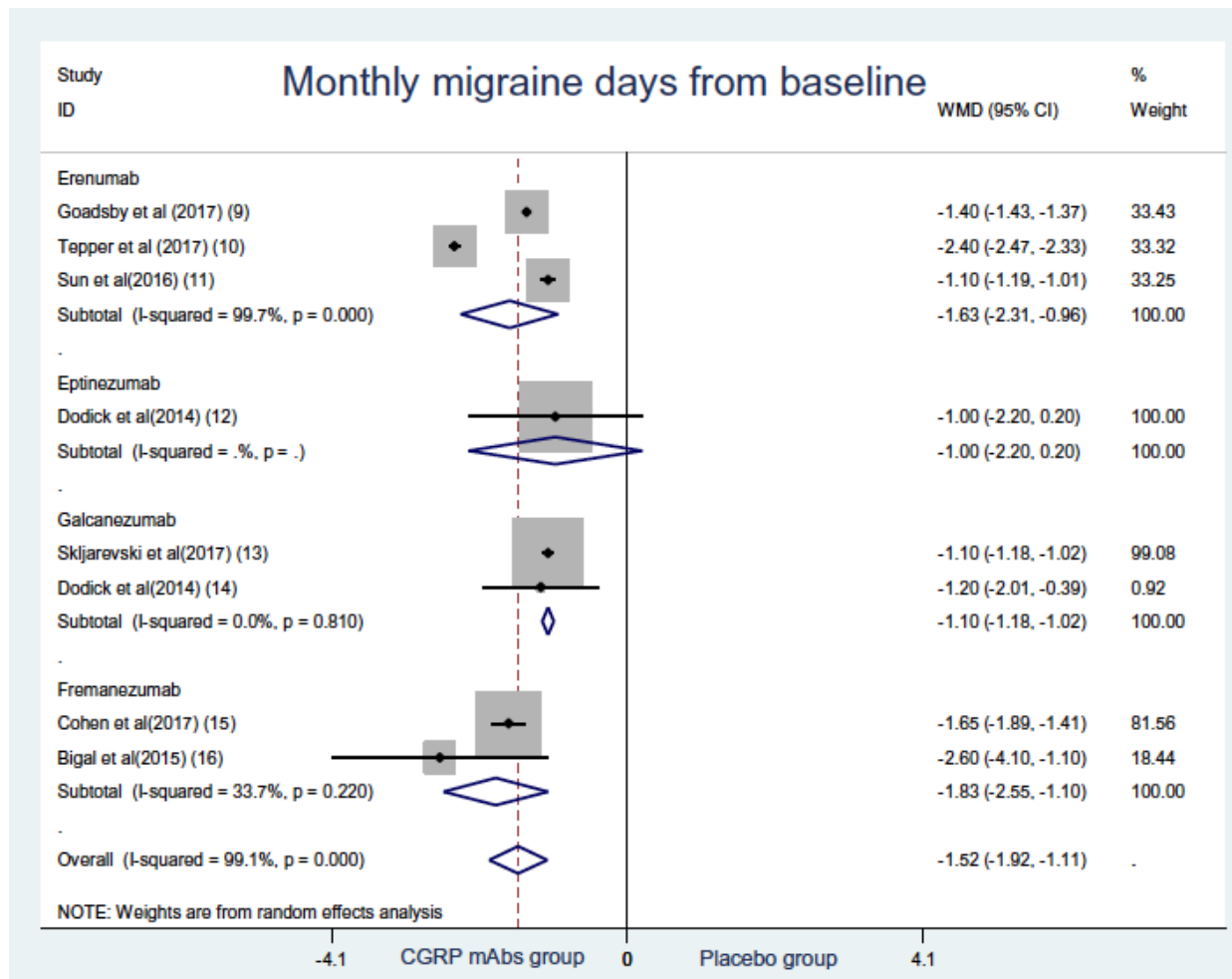
*The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE*

## Fremanezumab for the Preventive Treatment of Chronic Migraine

Stephen D. Silberstein, M.D., David W. Dodick, M.D., Marcelo E. Bigal, M.D., Ph.D., Paul P. Yeung, M.D., M.P.H., Peter J. Goadsby, M.D., Ph.D., Tricia Blankenbiller, M.A., Melissa Grozinski-Wolff, B.S., Ronghua Yang, Ph.D., Yuju Ma, M.S., and Ernesto Aycardi, M.D.

**NOVEMBER 30, 2017**

# Efficacy of anti-CGRP/R mABs



# One Year Efficacy

## Phase-3 Studies

Between 40% and 50% of the patients report >50% reduction from baseline

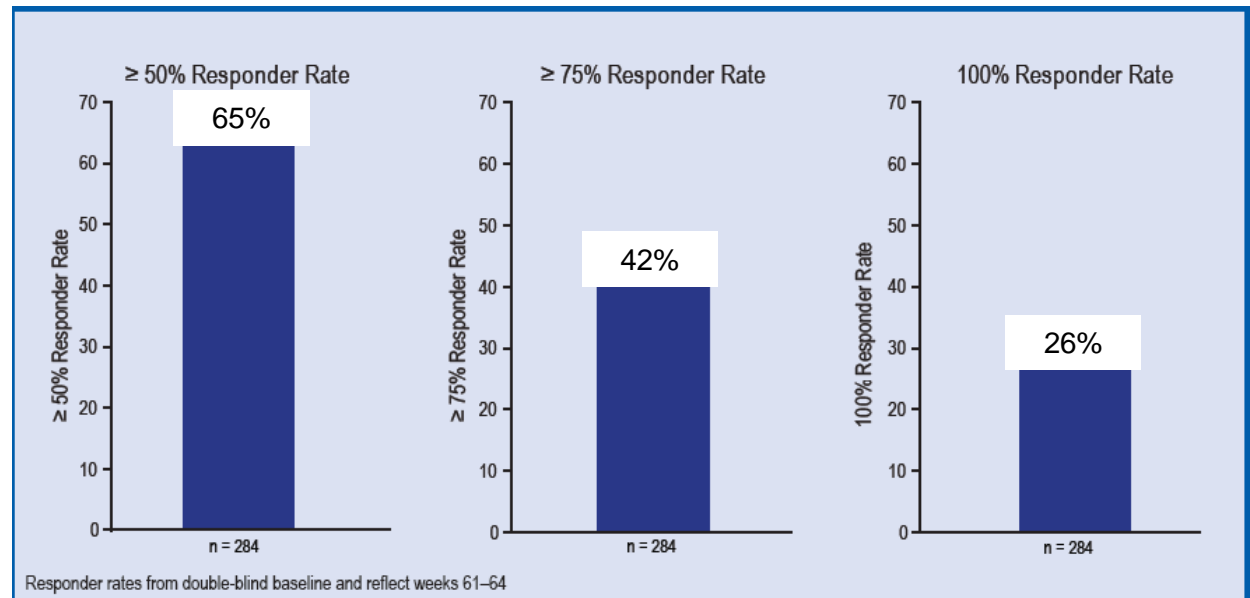
Erenumab (AMG 334) in episodic migraine

Ashina et al., *Neurology*® 2017;89:1-7

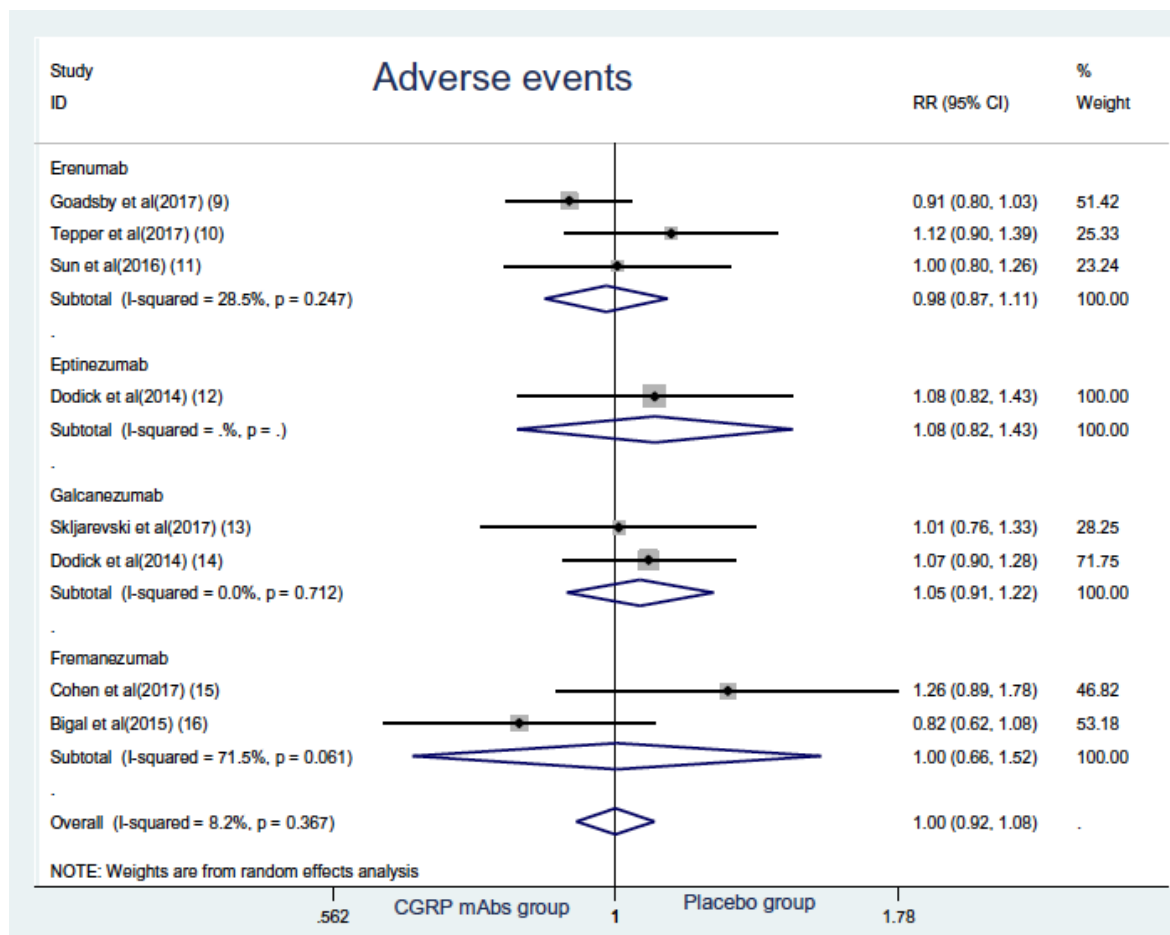
One year treatment

Interim analysis of an ongoing open-label study

## Responder rate at week 64



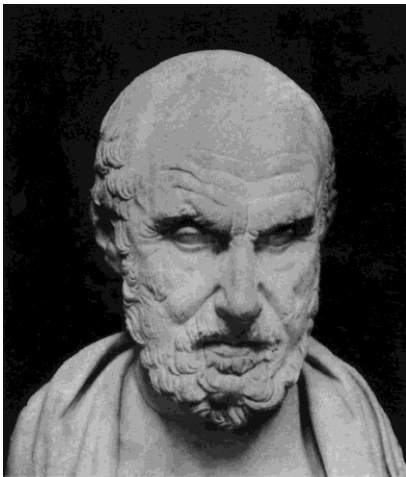
# Safety of anti-CGRP/R mABs



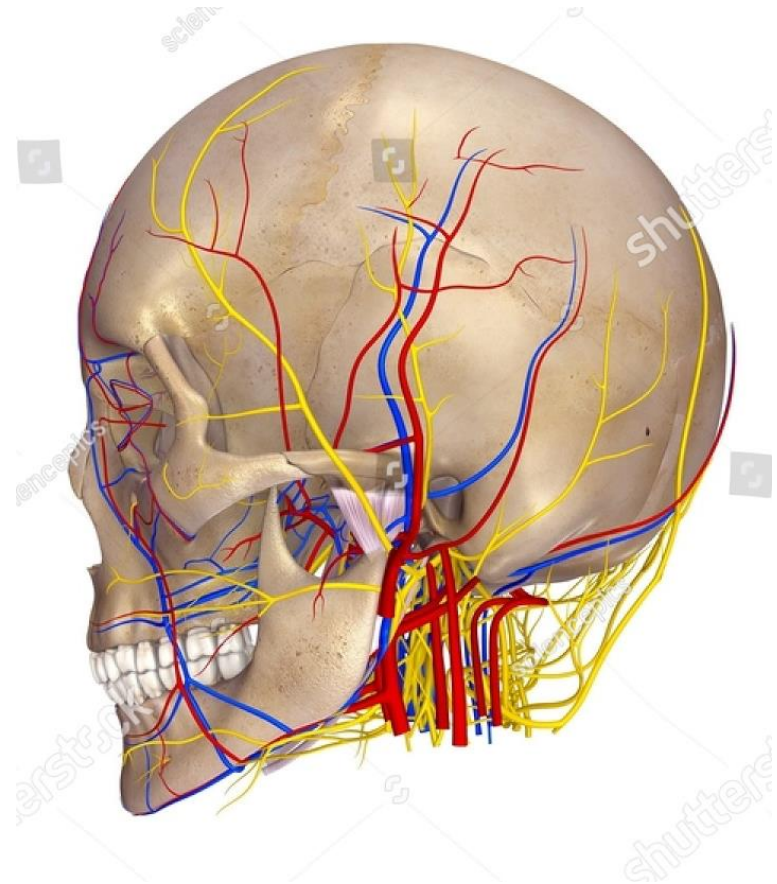


# Hemicrania (half-head)

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Aelius Galenus  
of Pergamon (129-216, AD)



# Word cloud of the Gene Ontology, Kyoto Encyclopedia of Genes and Genomes(KEGG )and Reactome pathways enriched in the 37 genes implicated in migraine



## Migrainomics — identifying brain and genetic markers of migraine

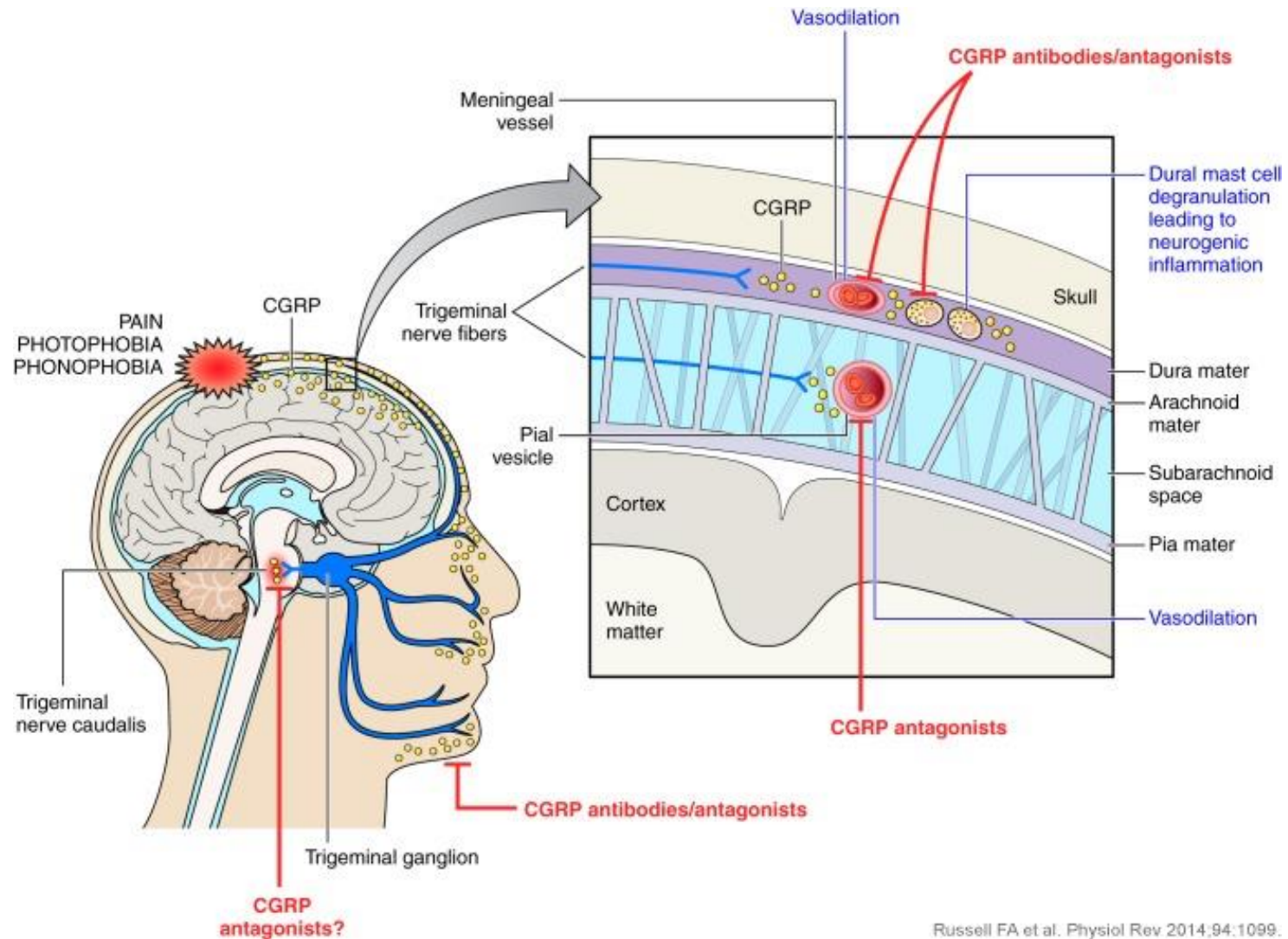
NATURE REVIEWS | NEUROLOGY

doi:10.1038/nrneurol.2017.151

Published online 17 Nov 2017

Dale R. Nyholt<sup>1</sup>, David Borsook<sup>2,3</sup> and Lyn R. Griffiths<sup>1</sup>

# CGRP and Meningeal Arteries



# Conclusions

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## CGRP:

- belongs to a family of regulatory peptides
- is a local vasodilator neuropeptide with local pro-algesic actions
- is released from human sensory nerves locally
- provokes migraine pain via a delayed mechanism, probably non-involving vasodilatation
- is the main, but probably not the sole, mediator implicated in migraine pain
- acts at peripheral targets outside the blood brain barrier
- affecting proinflammatory, but not homeostatic functions, can be blocked without causing severe side effects



# Grazie dell'Attenzione



Aurora  
Cappelle Medicee, Firenze